RPSC वरिष्ठ अध्यापक (माध्यमिक शिक्षा) पेपर II अंग्रेज़ी 2022

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Q.1

Read the passage and then answer the questions -

Some people think that the aim of education is merely to give knowledge. These people want students to read books and do nothing else and add on to their knowledge. Others believe that knowledge alone is not enough; only that which enables a man to earn his living can be called education. Such people think that bread is more important than anything else. Still others believe that education should aim solely at making good citizens and good patriots. Education should give men knowledge, make them self-reliant and be able to serve others. Education should produce men who love their country....

"Some people think that bread is more important than anything else" means -

(A) They only like to eat bread

(B) Earning a living is more important than anything else ✓

(C) Knowledge and education are equal to eating bread

(D) They don't like to eat rice

Q.2

"These residential complexes are quite new."

The word "complexes" in the above sentence is:

(A) Noun ✓

(B) Adverb

(C) Adjective

(D) Verb

Q.3

Read the poem and answer the questions - (62-66)

A great Hope fell
You heard no noise.
The Ruin was within
Oh cunning Wreck
That hold no tale
And let no Witness in

The mind was built for mighty Freight
For dread occasion planned
How often foundering at Sea
Ostensibly, on Land

A not admitting of the wound
Until it grew so wide
That all my life had entered it

And there were troughs beside -
A closing of the simple lid
That opened to the sun
Until the tender Carpenter
Perpetual nail it down -

Who / What is personified in the 1^{st} stanza?

(A) Witness
(B) Hope ✓
(C) Ruin
(D) Wreck

Q.4

Identify the Parts of Speech of the underlined words (1 – 3) –

He still <u>owes</u> me a lot of money.

(A) adverb
(B) adjective
(C) noun
(D) verb ✓

Q.5

“To see animals being treated this way makes me furious.”
The word “furious” in the above sentence is:

(A) Verb
(B) Adverb
(C) Noun
(D) Adjective ✓

Q.6

Fill in the blanks with the correct Articles/Determiners choosing from the options given (4 – 6) –

Don't write your name on ..... page of the booklet.

(A) many
(B) few
(C) both
(D) every ✓

Q.7

Fill in the blanks with the correct Articles/Determiners choosing from the options given (4 – 6) –

It seems that ..... of the committee members are absent.

(A) a lots
(B) every
(C) any
(D) some ✓

Q.8

Fill in the blanks with the correct Articles/Determiners choosing from the options given (4 – 6) –

..... of the students were found exchanging notes during the examination.

(A) several ✓
(B) much
(C) almost
(D) every

Q.9

Fill in the blanks with the correct verb form in given sentence (7 – 9) –

Do you also ..... a strange noise coming from the backyard?

(A) hears
(B) hearing
(C) hear ✓
(D) heared

Q.10

Fill in the blanks with the correct verb form in given sentence (7 – 9) –

The newspapers ..... its going to rain all of next week.

(A) says
(B) saying
(C) say ✓
(D) be saying

Q.11

Fill in the blanks with the correct verb form in given sentence.

I ..... a copy of the 0 A.D. only yesterday.

(A) had buy
(B) bought ✓
(C) had been bought
(D) buyed

Q.12

Fill in the blanks in sentences with appropriate prepositions (10 - 12) -

The guests complained ..... the food quality.

(A) at
(B) off
(C) about ✓
(D) with

Q.13

Fill in the blanks in sentences with appropriate prepositions (10 - 12) -

..... the beginning of a book there is often a Table of Contents.

(A) From
(B) At ✓
(C) By
(D) On

Q.14

Fill in the blanks in sentences with appropriate prepositions (10 - 12) -

We are on the fourth floor and our friends live ..... us on the third.

(A) below ✓
(B) under
(C) beneath
(D) lower

Q.15

Fill in the blank with appropriate Modal Auxiliary choosing according to the notion given in brackets (13 - 15) -

If he started at nine, he ..... be here by four. (probability)

(A) should ✓
(B) used to
(C) need to
(D) must to

Q.16

Fill in the blank with appropriate Modal Auxiliary choosing according to the notion given in brackets (13 - 15) -

You ..... make a little less noise. (suggestion)

(A) had
(B) would
(C) might ✓
(D) lets

Q.17

He.....easily have helped me in my hour of need. (Past possibility)

(A) used to
(B) could ✓
(C) shall
(D) able to

Q.18

Choose the option that uses the correct superlative degree of transformation in the following sentence –

No other exercise is so invigorating as cycling.

(A) Cycling is most invigorating than all exercises.
(B) Cycling is more invigorating amongst all the exercises.
(C) Cycling is the most invigorating of all exercises. ✓
(D) Cycling is most invigorating from all exercises.

Q.19

Choose comparative & superlative degrees for the given blanks –
Ramans's work is bad, Hari's is ..... Govind's is the .....

(A) more bad, most bad
(B) badder, baddest
(C) much bad, most bad
(D) worse, worst ✓

Q.20

Use the appropriate form of "far" to fill in the blank -
This was the ..... point they reached in their discussion.

(A) farest
(B) furthest ✓
(C) further
(D) farther

Q.21

Choose the grammatically correct option -

(A) Will Sita be in time if she got the ten O'clock bus?

(B) Would Sita be in time if she had get the ten O'clock bus?

(C) Would Sita be in time if she get the ten O'clock bus?

(D) Will Sita be in time if she gets the ten O'clock bus? ✓

Q.22

Choose the grammatically correct option –

(A) Many a flowers is born to blush unseens.

(B) Many a flowers are born to blush unseen.

(C) Many a flower is born to blush unseen. ✓

(D) Many a flower are born to blush unseen.

Q.23

Choose the correct transformation of the given sentence to a conditional sentence –
Leave no mess and you can camp in my field.

(A) Camp in my field and leave no mess.

(B) Leave no mess but camp in my field.

(C) You can camp in my field provided you leave no mess. ✓

(D) Leaving no mess you can camp in my field.

Q.24

Pick out the sentence which is a 'Complex Sentence' form of the given sentence –
I cannot foretell the time of my departure.

(A) I cannot foretell whether I will depart at a time.

(B) I will depart but I cannot foretell the time.

(C) I am departing at a time I cannot foretell.

(D) I cannot foretell when I shall depart. ✓

Q.25

Choose the verb that agrees with the subject –
Fifteen minutes ..... allowed to each speaker.

(A) been

(B) is ✓

(C) were

(D) are

Q.26

Choose the grammatically correct option –

(A) Any dictionaries will give you the meaning of these words.

(B) Any dictionary will gives you the meaning of these words.

(C) Any dictionary will give you the meaning of these words. ✓

(D) Any dictionary is give you the meaning of these words.

Q.27

Choose the sentence which is not a 'Compound Sentence' -

(A) I shall do it now or shall not do it at all.

(B) Night came on and rain fell heavily and we all got very wet.

(C) They rested when evening came. ✓

(D) He neither obtains success nor deserves it.

Q.28

Choose the grammatically correct passive transformation of the given sentences (26 - 28) -

The committee may be interviewing him now him now.

(A) He might have been interviewed by the committee now.

(B) He might being interviewed by the committee now.

(C) He may be interviewing by the committee now.

(D) He may be being interviewed by the committee now. ✓

Q.29

Choose the grammatically correct passive transformation of the given sentences (26 - 28) -

Are they meeting him at the airport?

(A) Are they meeting by him at the airport?

(B) Is meeting him at the airport by them?

(C) Were they meeting him at the airport?

(D) Is he being met at the airport? ✓

Q.30

Choose the grammatically correct passive transformation of the given sentences (26 - 28) -

People will show the visitors the new building.

(A) The visitors will show to the people the new building.

(B) The visitors will show the new building to the people.

(C) The visitors will have shown the people the new building.

(D) The visitors will be shown the new building (by people). ✓

Q.31

Transform the given sentence into Direct Speech -

He offered to bring me some tea.

(A) "Shall I bring you some tea?" said he to me. ✓

(B) "Shall he bring him tea, please?" offered he to me.

(C) "Shall he bring some tea, you?" said I to him.

(D) "Shall I offer some tea for me?" I said to him.

Q.32

Change the narration and select the correct option -

'I bet Peter won't be on time', she said.

(A) She predicted that Peter wouldn't be on time.

(B) She said she bet that Peter wouldn't be on time. ✓

(C) She betted that Peter will not be on time.

(D) She told that Peter will be on time.

Q.33

He will __ the crisis with his family's support.

(A) pull up

(B) pull through ✓

(C) pull down

(D) pull off

Q.34

Choose the correct option that converts the given sentence into negative –

As soon as he came, he started to make objections.

(A) No sooner than he came, he did not start to make objections.

(B) No sooner he came, he started not to make objections.

(C) Not as soon as he came, he did not start to make objections.

(D) No sooner had he come than he started to make objections. ✓

Q.35

Select the appropriate question for the given sentence –

I am looking for my diary.

(A) What are you looking for? ✓

(B) My diary is not found do you know?

(C) Did you know where I left my diary?

(D) Can you know where my diary is?

Q.36

Don't **back out** of this programme means -

(A) withdraw ✓
(B) run around
(C) extinguish
(D) explode

Q.37

Mark the correct meaning of the given phrasal verb (34 - 35) -
Get on with a person.

(A) investigate them
(B) live sociably ✓
(C) explode
(D) return with

Q.38

Which of the following is wrongly spelt?

(A) excellence
(B) brilliance
(C) abundence ✓
(D) assistance

Q.39

Give the correct synonym of <u>Imperfect</u> -

(A) impede
(B) flawed ✓
(C) endanger
(D) imperial

Q.40

The word closest in meaning to <u>Deceptive</u> is

(A) Misformed
(B) Contemplative
(C) Despised
(D) Misleading ✓

Q.41

The antonym of <u>Apparent</u> is -

(A) Ambiguous ✓
(B) Ambience
(C) Discernible
(D) Dissolving

Q.42

The 'head word' in the given phrase is –
'Some of the most precious finds of geologists'

(A) some
(B) finds ✓
(C) geologists
(D) precious

Q.43

Choose the correct phrasal verb to complete the sentence-
If you think that the work is going to be easy you __ a shock.

(A) are out for
(B) set in
(C) are in for ✓
(D) going in

Q.44

Mark the correct meaning of the Idiomatic expression –
"Take After one's father" -

(A) consider
(B) recollect
(C) resemble ✓
(D) rethink

Q.45

Fill in the blank in the given sentence with the appropriate expression from the given options –
With a small income and a large family to maintain, he finds it rather difficult ..... .

(A) being neither here nor there
(B) to crow over
(C) to take up the cudgels
(D) to keep his head above water ✓

Q.46

The Basic Sentence Pattern of the following sentence :

'The total was seventy-three' is -

(A) Subject + V_{BE} + Complement (N) ✓
(B) Subject + V_{BE} + Adverbial
(C) Subject + V_T + Object
(D) Subject + V_T + Adjective

Q.47

He was 'at his wit's end'. The idiom means -

(A) to survey
(B) be faithful
(C) an emergency
(D) puzzled ✓

Q.48

He played on the ground.

Analyse the above sentence in terms of SPOCA -

(A) SPOC
(B) SPO
(C) SP ✓
(D) SPOO

Q.49

Choose the appropriate option -

Any poem could be an example of ..... .

(A) allegery
(B) elegies
(C) allegory ✓
(D) allegro

Q.50

The Phonetic Transcription of <u>Youth</u> as per IPA is -

(A) /uəθ/
(B) /ju:th/
(C) /ju:θ/ ✓
(D) /u:θ/

Q.51

The Basic Sentence Pattern of the following sentence –

'He bores me stiff' is -

(A) Subject + V-int + Adjective
(B) Subject + Vt + DO + Adverb
(C) Subject + Vt + DO + Adjective ✓
(D) Subject + Vt + IO + DO

Q.52

Select the correct pattern for the given sentence -

The little boy has made his clothes dirty.

(A) NP + VP + Indirect Object + Direct Object
(B) NP + VP + NP + Infinitive
(C) NP + VP + Noun / Pronoun + Adjective ✓
(D) NP + VP + NP + Adverb

Q.53

Choose the option where the word stress has been correctly put on Electric -

(A) /ɪ'lektrɪk/ ✓
(B) /'ɪlektrɪk/
(C) /ɪle'ktrɪk/
(D) /ɪlekt'rɪk/

Q.54

'She told us an interesting story yesterday'.

The pattern of the above sentence is -

(A) SPCA
(B) SP
(C) SCPO
(D) SPAOC ✓

Q.55

Select the appropriate option for the blank -

Our ..... was high, our steps were determined.

(A) moron
(B) morales
(C) morale ✓
(D) morals

Q.56

Choose the correctly marked word stress in the word Innovation -

(A) /ɪnəveɪʃn/
(B) /'ɪnəveɪʃn/
(C) /ɪ'nəveɪʃn/
(D) /ɪnə'veɪʃn/ ✓

Q.57

Choose the correct word for the blank given -

Let him start the work. I am sure his enthusiasm will ..... soon.

(A) vane
(B) wane ✓
(C) vein
(D) vain

Q.58

Select the appropriate synonym for the underlined word -

It was an <u>apt</u> description of the garden.

(A) incompetent
(B) improper
(C) befitting ✓
(D) slow

Q.59

Education should <u>not</u> produce -

(A) Men who kill one another senselessly ✓
(B) Men who acquire knowledge
(C) Men who honestly earn their living
(D) Men who love their country

Q.60

The word 'patriot' means -

(A) a person who loves his country ✓
(B) a criminal
(C) a patrolling group
(D) a patron

Q.61

According to the author, what is <u>not</u> the "aim of education"?

(A) To study well so as to write ✓
(B) To earn a living
(C) To make good citizens
(D) To be self-reliant

Q.62

The term 'self-reliant' means -

(A) Disbelieving others
(B) Voluntary
(C) Able to do or decide things by your self ✓
(D) Dependent on others

Q.63

In the third stanza, how has the 'wound' occurred?

(A) Due to the disappointment and pain
(B) Due to falling of Hope
(C) Both (1) & (2) ✓
(D) Due to death

Q.64

The tone of the poem is -

(A) Pessimistic & disappointing ✓
(B) Casual & playful
(C) Optimistic & loud
(D) Happy & jovial

Q.65

In the first stanza the poet talks about -

(A) disappointment in oneself
(B) the hurt stays inside
(C) nobody could see the problem
(D) All of the above ✓

Q.66

The second stanza suggests -

(A) we are weak
(B) nobody is interested
(C) the mind is full of pain
(D) the mind is strong and prepared ✓

Q.67

"I walked a million miles to get here' is an example of –

(A) Hyperbole ✓
(B) Satire
(C) Onomatopoeia
(D) Simile

Q.68

For which collection of his poems was Nissim Ezekiel awarded the Sahitya Akademi Award, 1983?

(A) Hymns in Darkness
(B) Latter-Day Psalms ✓
(C) The Discovery of India
(D) Time to Change

Q.69

'Savitri', 'Lakshman', 'Dhruva', 'Prahlad' are -

(A) Poems written by Sarojini Naidu
(B) Short stories written by R. K. Narayan
(C) Poems written by Toru Dutt ✓
(D) Short stories written by R. N. Tagore

Q.70

The most important trait of the Renaissance period was -

(A) humanism ✓
(B) heroism
(C) adventure
(D) classical antiquity

Q.71

The first novel of Ruskin Bond was-

(A) Tales of Fosterganj
(B) Room on the Roof ✓
(C) Delhi is Not Far
(D) Vagrants in the Valley

Q.72

Arun Kolatkar's Jejuri, a collection of 31 poems won the -

(A) The Booker Prize in 1999
(B) Arvind Krishna Mehrotra Citation in 2004
(C) The Sahitya Akademi Award in 2003
(D) Commonwealth Writers' Prize in 1977 ✓

Q.73

The television serial based on Manju Kapur's novel 'The Immigrant' is -

(A) Yeh Hai Mohabbatein
(B) Pranayam
(C) Pardes Mein Hai Mera Dil ✓
(D) Kalyanam Mudhal Kadhal Varai

Q.74

Select the right option -

The three parts of an elegy are -

(A) grief, admiration and happiness
(B) lament, grief and melancholy
(C) sorrow, admiration and acceptance ✓
(D) sorrow, lament and grief

Q.75

In which of the following novels of Mulk Raj Anand, Bakha appears as the protagonist?

(A) Across Black Waters
(B) Untouchable ✓
(C) Coolie
(D) Two Leaves and a Bud

Q.76

Which of the following is <u>not</u> a neo-classical characteristics?

(A) Literature of the period depicted the countryside and the people who lived there ✓
(B) Literature of the period deals with urban themes and fashionable, aristocratic society
(C) Respect of classical rules
(D) Imitation of the great classical masters

Q.77

Two of the important characteristics of romantic age were -

(A) Imitating the great writers and their works
(B) Celebration of classical literature and nature
(C) Celebration of common man and nature ✓
(D) Strict rules for writing poetry and drama

Q.78

Pre - Raphaelites popularised -

(A) Art for art's sake ✓
(B) Art should be for entertainment
(C) Artists should focus on making money
(D) None of the above

Q.79

Toru Dutt's poem 'The Lotus' is in the form of -

(A) a Petrarchan Sonnet ✓
(B) Ballad
(C) an Elegy
(D) an Ode

Q.80

Which poet discusses the rites and rituals of Orissa in his poems?

(A) Jayanta Mahapatra ✓
(B) Mulk Raj Anand
(C) Amitav Ghosh
(D) Nissim Ezekiel

Q.81

Mini, Bimla, Binodini, Kadambini are important and memorable characters created by -

(A) R. K. Narayan
(B) Amitav Ghosh
(C) Rabindranath Tagore ✓
(D) Shashi Deshpande

Q.82

A period of visual and literary arts during the reign of James I of England came to be known as the -

(A) Tudor period
(B) Jacobean period ✓
(C) Caroline period
(D) Metaphysical period

Q.83

Virmati, Shakuntala and Swarna choose not to conform to societal standards. Name the novel and the writer.

(A) The God of Small Things – Arundhati Roy
(B) That Long Silence – Shashi Deshpande
(C) Difficult Daughters – Manju Kapur ✓
(D) A Married Woman – Manju Kapur

Q.84

R. K. Narayan's mentor and friend was -

(A) Graham Greene ✓
(B) Krishnaswami
(C) R. K. Laxman
(D) Ramchandra

Q.85

"Like a huge Python, winding round and round
The rugged trunk, indented deep with scars
up to its very summit near the stars
A creeper climbs, in ....."

These lines are taken from -

(A) Bianca, or the Young Spanish Maiden
(B) Ancient Ballads and Legends of Hindustan
(C) The Diary of Mademoiselle D' Arvers
(D) Our Casuarina Tree ✓

Q.86

An important element of Satire is -

(A) sorrow
(B) wit and humour ✓
(C) adventure
(D) anger

Q.87

Which of the following is <u>not</u> true about Manju Kapur?

(A) She does not ever address any socio-political issues in the country. ✓
(B) Her novel 'A Married Woman' was called 'fluent and witty' in the 'Independent'.
(C) She touches bases social themes like marriage, girl education, dowry, religion etc. in her novels.
(D) She won the Commonwealth Prize for first novels for 'Difficult Daughters'.

Q.88

John Webster, Thomas Middleton and Philip Massinger belonged to which period?

(A) Victorian period
(B) Modern period
(C) Jacobean period ✓
(D) Romantic period

Q.89

"The love song of J. Alfred Prufock" is considered to be an example of -

(A) personification
(B) mock-epic
(C) dramatic monologue ✓
(D) metaphor

Q.90

Which of the following is not a characteristic of a dramatic monologue?

(A) A single speaker
(B) Presence of multiple dialogues ✓
(C) Revelation of character's psychology
(D) Silent listener

Q.91

Major themes of the modernist movement were -

(A) Alienation and isolation
(B) Disillusionment
(C) Stream of Consciousness
(D) All of the above ✓

Q.92

His works focus on the flora and fauna in and around the Himalayas. He loves nature and spends time in idyllic surroundings. He is -

(A) R. N. Tagore
(B) Nissim Ezekiel
(C) Arun Kolatkar
(D) Ruskin Bond ✓

Q.93

Which literary movement came into being by rejecting romanticism?

(A) Neo-classicism
(B) Supernaturalism
(C) Modernism ✓
(D) Hedonism

Q.94

Which taboo topic does Shashi Deshpande highlight is her short story 'The Intrusion'?

(A) Male Chauvinism
(B) Homosexuality
(C) Infanticide
(D) Marital rape ✓

Q.95

Curtail Sonnet were written by-

(A) Shakespeare
(B) Wordsworth
(C) Hopkins ✓
(D) Milton

Q.96

What among these is a non-fiction work by Arundhati Roy?

(A) The God of Small Things
(B) The Ministry of Utmost Happiness
(C) In Custody
(D) An Ordinary Person's Guide to Empire ✓

Q.97

"She walks in beauty like the night Of cloudless climes and starry skies ....."
AND
"I wandered lonely as a cloud That floats on high o'er vales and hills". The above lines are example of -

(A) Metaphor
(B) Satire
(C) Irony
(D) Simile ✓

Q.98

Select the correct option -
Mock-epic style can be liken to -

(A) Imitating
(B) Burlesque
(C) Sorrowful
(D) Both (1) and (2) ✓

Q.99

Who was the Poet Laureate from 1930-1967 in the modern period?

(A) Rupert Brooke
(B) Thomas Hardy
(C) Walter De La Mare
(D) John Masefield ✓

Q.100

Victorian writers like Oscar Wilde, Walter Pater and the Rossetti were associated with -

(A) naturalism
(B) romanticism
(C) aestheticism ✓
(D) imagism

Q.101

In 'That Long Silence' by Shashi Deshpande, the protagonist Jaya wants to become -

(A) a Writer ✓
(B) a Musician
(C) a Doctor
(D) a Psychotherapist

Q.102

The novel talks about the plight of the indentured labourers the "Girmitiyas" to use Gyanendra Pandey's terminology. Identify the novel from the list given below -

(A) Sea of Poppies ✓
(B) The Hungry Tide
(C) The Shadow Lines
(D) River of Smoke

Q.103

Estha and Rahel are characters in which famous novel of Arundhati Roy?

(A) Azadi
(B) The God of Small Things ✓
(C) The End of Imagination
(D) The Ministry of Utmost Happiness

Q.104

She wrote poems and she was a freedom fighter. Her famous works include 'The Sceptred Flute' and 'The Feather of the Dawn', she is -

(A) Arundhati Roy
(B) Toru Dutt
(C) Kamala Das
(D) Sarojini Naidu ✓

Q.105

The fair breeze blew, the white foam flew, The furrow followed free: These lines are an example of which literary device?

(A) Pun
(B) Personification
(C) Onomatopoeia
(D) Alliteration ✓

Q.106

Nissim Ezekiel mostly wrote about-

(A) Indian contemporaray scene
(B) Modern urban life
(C) Spiritual values
(D) All of the above ✓

Q.107

Which statement is <u>not</u> true of metaphysical poetry?

(A) It uses conceits.
(B) It has colloquial diction.
(C) It employs philosophical explorations.
(D) It talk of heroic deeds. ✓

Q.108

The works - 'Heart of Darkness' by Joseph Conrad, 'The Waste Land' by T.S. Eliot, 'Ulysses' by James Joyce and 'In a Station of the Metro' by Ezra Pound are examples of -

(A) Post-modernist literature
(B) Modernist literature ✓
(C) Victorian literature
(D) Gothic literature

Q.109

Who among the following Indian poets became the first ever writer in English language to win Sahitya Akademi Award and in which year?

(A) Arun Kolatkar in 1976
(B) Jayanta Mahapatra in 1981 ✓
(C) Sarojini Naidu in 1948
(D) Toru Dutt in 1889

Q.110

The name of the literary movement started by a group of painters who insisted that a painter should paint whatever he sees, regardless of the formal rules of painting is ..... and the leader of the group was ..... .

Pick the correct one from the given options -

(A) Realism, Honore de Balzac
(B) Romanticism, William Wordsworth
(C) Pre- Raphaelite, Dante Gabriel Rossetti ✓
(D) Symbolism, W. B. Yeats

Q.111

Which writer among the following has <u>not</u> contributed to essential post-modernist ideology?

(A) Michel Foucault
(B) Ihab Hassan
(C) Jacques Derrida
(D) T.S. Eliot ✓

Q.112

Name the author of the collection of short stories titled 'Padmavati, the Harlot and other stories'.

(A) Anita Desai
(B) Arundhati Roy
(C) Kamala Das ✓
(D) Shashi Deshpande

Q.113

Which of the following literary devices has been employed in "And murmuring of innumerable bees"?

(A) Irony
(B) Metaphor
(C) Onomatopoeia ✓
(D) Alliteration

Q.114

Which religion did Kamala Das embrace is 1999 and what did she rename herself?

(A) Buddhism, Kamala Chakma
(B) Christianity, Camela Dass
(C) Zoroastrianism, Cameila Naaz
(D) Islam, Kamala Surayya ✓

Q.115

To which genre do Ruskin Bond's works 'Roads to Mussoorie' and 'Landour Days', belong?

(A) History
(B) Memoirs ✓
(C) Protest writing
(D) Biographies

Q.116

The 'Grandmother's Tale' is written by -

(A) Amitav Ghosh
(B) Jayant Mahapatra
(C) Mulk Raj Anand
(D) R. K. Narayan ✓

Q.117

Choose the right option -

Ballads include -

(A) Local legends
(B) Simple language
(C) Music
(D) All of the above ✓

Q.118

He is acclaimed for his depiction of societal behaviour towards people belonging to the poor and unprivileged class and caste of India. He is none other than -

(A) Mulk Raj Anand ✓
(B) R. K. Narayan
(C) Jayanta Mahapatra
(D) Arun Kolatkar

Q.119

Which of Anita Desai's novels was adapted into an English film and what award was given to the film?

(A) In Custody, President of India Gold Medal for best picture ✓

(B) Baumgartner's Bombay, Grammy Award

(C) Bye-bye Blackbird, the Dada Saheb Phalke award

(D) Cry, the Peacock, Academy Award

Q.120

'Inconclusiveness' is the mark of -

(A) Post-modern literature ✓

(B) Metaphysical literature

(C) Modern literature

(D) Jacobean literature

Q.121

'Stream of Consciousness' gives you -

(A) Each thought is orderly and logical

(B) A narration devoted to an external occurrence

(C) A flow of thought not having coherent structure or cohesion ✓

(D) Easy to read literature

Q.122

The two World Wars influenced the literature of which age?

(A) Post-modern age

(B) Victorian age

(C) Modern age ✓

(D) Elizabethan age

Q.123

Who, in 'The God of Small Things' discovered that the 'secret of the great stories is that they have no secrets'?

(A) Velutha

(B) Baby Kochamma

(C) Chacko

(D) Kathakali dancer ✓

Q.124

Which among the following is not true about 'Jungle Nama' written by Amitav Ghosh?

(A) It is a graphic verse novel

(B) Amitav Ghosh was awarded the Commonwealth Writers' Prize for Jungle Nama ✓

(C) It is adaptation of the medieval Bengali tale about the Sunderbans Forest Goddess, Bon Bibi

(D) The story of Jungle Nama explores themes of greed and ecological misadventure

Q.125

Match the following authors vis-a-vis the movement they represented –

Author	Movement
(i) Virginia Woolf	(a) Pre-Raphaelite movement
(ii) Jean Paul Sartre	(b) Post-modern movement
(iii) Dante Gabriel Rossetti	(c) Stream of consciousness
(iv) Edgar Allan Poe	(d) Existentialism
(v) Harold Pinter	(e) Gothic

(A) (i)-(e), (ii)-(d), (iii)-(a), (iv)-(c), (v)-(b)

(B) (i)-(d), (ii)-(c), (iii)-(e), (iv)-(b), (v)-(a)

(C) (i)-(b), (ii)-(d), (iii)-(e), (iv)-(a), (v)-(c)

(D) (i)-(c), (ii)-(d), (iii)-(a), (iv)-(e), (v)-(b) ✓

Q.126

Which among the following works does not employ the 'Stream of Consciousness' technique?

(A) Pride and Prejudice by Jane Austen ✓

(B) As I Lay Dying by William Faulkner

(C) Beloved by Toni Morrison

(D) Mrs. Dalloway by Virginia Woolf

Q.127

The Oxford English Dictionary describes the word as 'perplexity/difficulty' and Jacques Derrida as 'a text's most doubtful or contradictory moment'. The word in post-modernist criticism is -

(A) Pastiche

(B) Hypertextuality

(C) Simulacrum

(D) Aporia ✓

Q.128

Gothic movement focused on

(A) politics and history

(B) love and happiness

(C) reason and rationality

(D) horror, paranormal and supernatural ✓

Q.129

'The Boatride' was written by -

(A) Toru Dutt
(B) Nissim Ezekiel
(C) Sarojini Naidu
(D) Arun Kolatkar ✓

Q.130

'The strophe', 'The antistrophe' and 'The epode' are parts of which classical literary device?

(A) Sonnet
(B) Epic
(C) Elegy
(D) Ode ✓

Q.131

Which of the following is not applicable to teaching of poetry?

(A) The poem should be taught as a poem and not in its prose version
(B) Poem should be taught in a manner that students enjoy it
(C) The peculiar language features used in the poem should be discussed at length ✓
(D) The poem should be recited aloud and recited again and again

Q.132

Given below are the major steps of teaching a prose passage intensively –
(i) Silent reading by the students
(ii) Model reading by the teacher
(iii) Comprehension questions
(iv) Explanation of new words, phrases and structures
Arrange these steps in the correct order -

(A) (ii), (iv), (i), (iii) ✓
(B) (iii), (i), (iv), (ii)
(C) (i), (ii), (iv), (iii)
(D) (iii), (ii), (i), (iv)

Q.133

Which of these is not a function of formative assessment?

(A) Providing ongoing feedback
(B) Providing reinforcement
(C) Certify mastery of objectives ✓
(D) Determining learning progress

Q.134

Arrange the following major steps of teaching prose for extensive reading in their correct order -

(A) Reading, Questions, Reproduction, Survey, Review

(B) Survey, Questions, Reading, Review, Reproduction ✓

(C) Review, Questions, Survey, Reading, Reproduction

(D) Survey, Reading, Questions, Review, Reproduction

Q.135

Picture composition is an example of -

(A) controlled writing

(B) guided writing ✓

(C) creative writing

(D) free writing

Q.136

Following two sentences relate to the use of 'substitution tables' in English Language Teaching –
(A) The aim of substitution tables is to condition students to use correct forms of language.
(B) The aim of substitution tables is to reinforce use of correct patterns.
Which of the above two statement/s is/are correct?

(A) Only (A)

(B) Only (B)

(C) Both (A) and (B) ✓

(D) Neither (A) nor (B)

Q.137

Which characteristic of language tests is correctly matched with its description?

(A) Objectivity – Test consists of objective type test items

(B) Validity – Tests yields consistent results

(C) Comprehensiveness – Test covers a wide range of content as well as skill ✓

(D) Reliability – Test measures what it is supposed to measure

Q.138

A teacher tell the class, the rules of subject-verb agreement in simple present tense and then asks the student to frame sentences in simple present tense keeping in mind those rules. He/she is using -

(A) Inductive Method

(B) Deductive Method ✓

(C) Functional Grammar Method

(D) Prescriptive Method

Q.139

Gradation of language material involves -

(A) only sequencing of the items
(B) selection and grouping of the items
(C) selection, grouping and sequencing of the items ✓
(D) grouping and sequencing of the items

Q.140

In a class, the teacher presents certain examples of grammatical items and helps students to arrive at rules through the analysis of examples. Which method of teaching grammar is the teacher using?

(A) Functional Teaching method
(B) Prescriptive method
(C) Deductive method
(D) Inductive method ✓

Q.141

Choose the correct sequence of steps in teaching free composition -

(A) Preparation, Oral presentation, Correction, Writing, Follow up
(B) Preparation, Oral presentation, Writing, Correction, Follow up ✓
(C) Preparation, Writing, Oral presentation, Correction, Follow up
(D) Oral presentation, Preparation, Writing Correction, Follow up

Q.142

Which of the following criteria should be kept in mind while selecting language-items for a particular set of students?
(A) How often a language item or word is used
(B) In how many different contents an item or word can be used

(A) Only (A)
(B) Only (B)
(C) Both (A) and (B) ✓
(D) Neither (A) nor (B)

Q.143

In the process of teaching poetry, the reading of the poem is first done by -

(A) the students silently
(B) the students in chorus
(C) the teacher ✓
(D) any one student

Q.144

Which of the following methods of English Language Teaching is based on the view that 'Language is a system for the expression of meaning'?

(A) Direct Method
(B) Grammar Translation Method
(C) Communicative Language Teaching Method ✓
(D) Structural Method

Q.145

Which of the following statement/s is/are true?

(A) Language items should be selected on the basis of their ease of learning.
(B) Language items should be selected on the basis of their ease of teaching.

(A) Only (A) is true
(B) Only (B) is true
(C) Both (A) and (B) are true ✓
(D) Neither (A) nor (B) is true

Q.146

The main aim of teaching poetry in the English classroom is to -

(A) develop the power of appreciation among students ✓
(B) develop understanding of poetic devices
(C) develop the four language skills
(D) enhance vocabulary

Q.147

Which of the following is not a principle of teaching English as a second language?

(A) Teach language as a habit
(B) Give scope for imitating good language
(C) Present language material in graded patterns
(D) Give priority to the written word ✓

Q.148

In which Language Teaching Method language errors are seen as 'serious aberration' which had to be removed before they become 'habits'?

(A) Direct Method
(B) Natural Method
(C) Communicative Language Teaching Method
(D) Structural Method ✓

Q.149

Which of the following is an example of semantic grouping?

(A) in the room, in the class, in the library

(B) my book, his book, her book

(C) bicycle, rickshaw, car ✓

(D) pat, fat, mat

Q.150

Which of the following is not a criterion for selection of language items to be taught?

(A) Range

(B) Frequency

(C) Complexity ✓

(D) Learnability



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